

Allspring Discovery Small Cap Growth Fund

Contents

Letter to shareholders	2
Performance highlights	6
Fund expenses	10
Portfolio of investments	11
Financial statements	
Statement of assets and liabilities	15
Statement of operations	16
Statement of changes in net assets	17
Financial highlights	
Notes to financial statements	23
Report of independent registered public accounting firm	29
Other information	30

The views expressed and any forward-looking statements are as of March 31, 2023, unless otherwise noted, and are those of the Fund's portfolio managers and/or Allspring Global Investments. Discussions of individual securities or the markets generally are not intended as individual recommendations. Future events or results may vary significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. The views expressed are subject to change at any time in response to changing circumstances in the market. Allspring Global Investments disclaims any obligation to publicly update or revise any views expressed or forward-looking statements.



Andrew Owen
President
Allspring Funds

In April 2022, market
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Russia's invasion of Ukraine
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both the S&P 500 Index and
MSCI All Country World
Index fell 8% or more for the
month and commodity
shortages added to global
inflation.

Dear Shareholder:

We are pleased to offer you this annual report for the Allspring Discovery Small Cap Growth Fund for the 12-month period that ended March 31, 2023. Globally, stocks and bonds experienced heightened volatility and poor performance through the challenging period. Earlier tailwinds provided by global stimulus programs, vaccination rollouts, and recovering consumer and corporate sentiment were wiped away by the highest rate of inflation in four decades as well as the impact of ongoing aggressive central bank rate hikes and the prospect of more rate hikes. Compounding these concerns were the global reverberations of the Russia-Ukraine war and the impact of China's strict COVID-19 lockdowns, which were removed in December.

For the 12-month period, stocks and bonds—both domestic U.S. and global—suffered broad losses. For the period, U.S. stocks, based on the S&P 500 Index,¹ returned -7.73%. International stocks, as measured by the MSCI ACWI ex USA Index (Net),² returned -5.07%, while the MSCI EM Index (Net) (USD)³ had weaker performance, with a decline of 10.70%. Among bond indexes, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index⁴ returned -4.78%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Index (unhedged)⁵ fell 10.72%, the Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index⁶ gained 0.26%, and the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index⁶ fell 3.50%.

High inflation and central bank rate hikes rocked markets.

In April 2022, market headwinds created by Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February continued, with broad and deep losses as both the S&P 500 and MSCI ACWI (Net)⁸ fell 8% or more for the month and commodity shortages added to global inflation. The Chinese economy struggled through a strict lockdown as the government tried to contain a major COVID-19 outbreak. The ensuing global ripple effect compounded existing supply shortages. Meanwhile, U.S. annual inflation raged at 8.5%, its highest level since 1981, and investors braced themselves for aggressive Federal Reserve (Fed) monetary tightening moves.

Market volatility continued in May, although markets recovered ground late in the month. Value stocks continued to outperform growth stocks. The concerns that had dominated markets for months continued, including high inflation and geopolitical tensions that added to high crude oil, gasoline, and food prices. In response, the Fed raised the federal funds rate by 0.50%. Meanwhile, highly contagious COVID-19 variants persisted. However, labor markets in the U.S., the U.K., and Europe remained strong. U.S. retail sales increased for the fourth consecutive month in April—a sign of consumer resilience.

The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-value-weighted index with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. You cannot invest directly in an index.

The Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) All Country World Index (ACWI) ex USA Index (Net) is a free-float-adjusted market-capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets, excluding the U.S. Source: MSCI. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indexes or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, reviewed, or produced by MSCI. You cannot invest directly in an index.

³ The MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index (Net) (USD) is a free-float-adjusted market-capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure equity market performance of emerging markets. You cannot invest directly in an index.

⁴ The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment-grade, U.S.-dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market, including Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, mortgage-backed securities (agency fixed-rate and hybrid adjustable-rate mortgage pass-throughs), asset-backed securities, and commercial mortgage-backed securities. You cannot invest directly in an index.

⁵ The Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Index (unhedged) is an unmanaged index that provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed-income markets excluding the U.S.-dollar-denominated debt market. You cannot invest directly in an index.

⁶ The Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index composed of long-term tax-exempt bonds with a minimum credit rating of Baa. You cannot invest directly in an index.

⁷ The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index is a market-capitalization-weighted index of domestic and Yankee high-yield bonds. The index tracks the performance of high-yield securities traded in the U.S. bond market. You cannot invest directly in an index. Copyright 2023. ICE Data Indices, LLC. All rights reserved.

The MSCI ACWI (Net) is a free-float-adjusted market-capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. You cannot invest directly in an index.

In June, stocks posted further losses en route to their worst first half of a year in 50 years. Bonds didn't fare much better. Driving the losses were the familiar factors: rising global inflation and fears of recession as central banks increased rates to try to curb soaring inflation. The Fed raised its short-term rate by another 0.75% in June. Meanwhile, the U.S. unemployment rate held firm at 3.6% and the housing market remained only marginally affected by sharply higher mortgage rates.

Markets rebounded in July, led by U.S. stocks. While U.S. economic activity showed signs of waning, the country's labor market remained surprisingly strong: July nonfarm payrolls grew by more than 500,000 and U.S. unemployment dipped to 3.5%. Meanwhile, crude oil and retail gasoline prices, major contributors to recent overall inflation, fell substantially from earlier highs. And while U.S. home prices rose, home sales fell as houses became less affordable with mortgage rates at a 13-year high. The Fed raised the federal funds rate another 0.75% in July—to a range of 2.25% to 2.50%—and forecasts pointed to further rate hikes.

August was yet another broadly challenging month for financial markets, with more red ink flowing. High inflation persisted, cresting 9% in the eurozone on an annual basis and remaining above 8% in the U.S. despite the Fed's aggressive monetary policy and a major drop in global crude oil and gasoline prices from their June peak. One positive note was the resilient U.S. job market. However, the Fed's job was clearly not complete. One longer-term bright spot was the U.S. Congress's passage of the Inflation Reduction Act. Its primary stated goals include: to reduce inflation (though not immediately) by curbing the deficit, capping health care spending by seniors, and investing in domestic sources of clean energy.

The market misery continued in September as all asset classes suffered major losses. Central banks kept up their battle against rapidly rising prices with more rate hikes. The strength of the U.S. dollar weighed on results for investors holding non-U.S.-dollar assets. U.S. mortgage rates jumped to near 7% on 30-year fixed-rate mortgages; the decreased housing affordability began to cool demand somewhat. The U.K. experienced a sharp sell-off of government bonds and the British pound in September as investors panicked in response to a new government budget that was seen as financially unsound. The Bank of England (BoE) then stepped in and bought long-dated government bonds.

Equities had a reprieve in October. Value stocks and small caps fared best. Globally, developed markets outpaced emerging market equities, which were hurt by weakness among Chinese stocks. Central banks continued to try to curtail high inflation with aggressive interest rate hikes. Geopolitical risks persisted, including the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war and economic, financial market, and political turmoil in the U.K. Concerns over Europe's energy crisis eased thanks to unseasonably warm weather and plentiful gas on hand. The U.S. labor market continued its resilience against rising prices as unemployment remained near a record low.

Stocks and bonds rallied in November. Economic news was encouraging, driven by U.S. labor market strength. Although central banks kept raising rates, hopes rose for an easing in the pace of rate hikes and a possible end to central bank monetary tightening in 2023. Although inflation remained at record highs in the eurozone, we began to see signs of a possible decline in inflationary pressures as U.S. inflation moderated, with a 7.1% annual price rise in November and a monthly price increase of just 0.1%. China's economic data remained weak, reflecting its zero-COVID-19 policy.

Financial markets cooled in December, with U.S. equities posting negative overall results in response to a weakening U.S. dollar. Fixed income securities ended one of their worst years ever with flat overall monthly returns as markets weighed the hopes for an end to the monetary tightening cycle with the reality that central banks had not completed their jobs yet. U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI)¹ data showed a strong consistent trend downward, which brought down the 12-month CPI to 6.5% in December from 9.1% in June. Other countries and regions reported still-high but declining inflation rates as the year winded down.

In June, stocks posted further losses en route to their worst first half of a year in 50 years. Bonds didn't fare much better. Driving the losses were the familiar factors: rising global inflation and fears of recession as central banks increased rates to try to curb soaring inflation.

The U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. You cannot invest directly in an index.

The year 2023 began with a rally across global equities and fixed income securities. Investor optimism rose in response to data indicating declining inflation rates and the reopening of China's economy with the abrupt end to its zero-COVID-19 policy. The U.S. reported surprisingly strong job gains—employers added more than 500,000 jobs—and unemployment fell to 3.4%, the lowest level since 1969. Meanwhile, wage growth, seen as a potential contributor to ongoing high inflation, continued to moderate. All eyes remained fixed on the Fed and on how many more rate hikes remain in this tightening cycle. The 0.25% federal funds rate hike announced in January was the Fed's smallest rate increase since March 2022.

Financial markets declined in February as investors responded unfavorably to resilient economic data. The takeaway: Central banks will likely continue their monetary tightening cycle for longer than markets had priced in. In this environment—where strong economic data is seen as bad news—the resilient U.S. labor market was seen as a negative while the inflation rate has not been falling quickly enough for the Fed, which raised interest rates by 0.25% in early February. Meanwhile, the BoE and the European Central Bank both raised rates by 0.50%.

The collapse of Silicon Valley Bank in March, the second-largest banking failure in U.S. history, led to a classic bank run that spread to Europe, where Switzerland's Credit Suisse was taken over by its rival, UBS. The sudden banking industry uncertainty led some clients of regional banks to transfer deposits to a handful of U.S. banking giants while bank shareholders sold stock. The banking industry turmoil could make the job of central banks more challenging as they weigh inflationary concerns against potential economic weakening. Meanwhile, recent data pointed to economic strength in the U.S., Europe, and China. The U.S. labor market remained resilient. The euro-area composite Purchasing Managers' Index1 rose to 53.70, indicating expansion, for March. And China's economy continued to rebound after the removal of its COVID-19 lockdown. Inflation rates in the U.S., the U.K., and Europe all remained higher than central bank targets, leading to additional rate hikes in March.

Don't let short-term uncertainty derail long-term investment goals.

Periods of investment uncertainty can present challenges, but experience has taught us that maintaining long-term investment goals can be an effective way to plan for the future. To help you create a sound strategy based on your personal goals and risk tolerance, Allspring Funds offers more than 100 mutual funds spanning a wide range of asset classes and investment styles. Although diversification cannot guarantee an investment profit or prevent losses, we believe it can be an effective way to manage investment risk and potentially smooth out overall portfolio performance. We encourage investors to know their investments and to understand that appropriate levels of risk-taking may unlock opportunities.

Thank you for choosing to invest with Allspring Funds. We appreciate your confidence in us and remain committed to helping you meet your financial needs.

Sincerely,

Andrew Owen President Allspring Funds

For further information about your fund, contact your investment professional, visit our website at allspringglobal.com, or call us directly at 1-800-222-8222.

The Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) is an index of the prevailing direction of economic trends in the manufacturing and service sectors. You cannot invest directly in an index.



Investment objective The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Manager Allspring Funds Management, LLC

Subadviser Allspring Global Investments, LLC

Portfolio managers Michael T. Smith, CFA, Christopher J. Warner, CFA

Average annual total returns (%) as of March 31, 2023

		Including sales charge		Excluding sales charge			Expense ratios¹ (%)		
	Inception date	1 year	5 year	10 year	1 year	5 year	10 year	Gross	Net ²
Class A (EGWAX)	6-5-1995	-22.30	5.82	8.19	-17.58	7.07	8.83	1.44	1.23
Class C (EGWCX)	7-30-2010	-19.25	6.30	8.20	-18.25	6.30	8.20	2.19	1.98
Class R6 (EGWRX) ³	5-29-2020	_	-	_	-17.28	7.48	9.23	1.01	0.80
Administrator Class (EGWDX)	7-30-2010	-	-	-	-17.39	7.45	9.12	1.36	1.15
Institutional Class (EGRYX)	11-19-1997	-	-	-	-17.37	7.42	9.20	1.11	0.90
Russell 2000® Growth Index ⁴	-	_	_	_	-10.60	4.26	8.49	_	_

Figures quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results, and do not reflect taxes that a shareholder may pay on an investment in a fund. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance shown without sales charges would be lower if sales charges were reflected. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted, which assumes the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Current month-end performance is available on the Fund's website, **allspringglobal.com.**

Index returns do not include transaction costs associated with buying and selling securities, any mutual fund fees or expenses, or any taxes. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

For Class A shares, the maximum front-end sales charge is 5.75%. For Class C shares, the maximum contingent deferred sales charge is 1.00%. Performance including a contingent deferred sales charge assumes the sales charge for the corresponding time period. Class R6, Administrator Class and Institutional Class shares are sold without a front-end sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge.

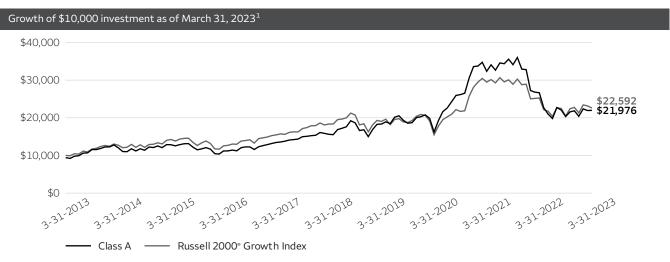
Stock values fluctuate in response to the activities of individual companies and general market and economic conditions. Smaller-company stocks tend to be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger companies. Consult the Fund's prospectus for additional information on these and other risks.

Reflects the expense ratios as stated in the most recent prospectuses. The expense ratios shown are subject to change and may differ from the annualized expense ratios shown in the financial highlights of this report.

The manager has contractually committed through July 31, 2023, to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers at 1.23% for Class A, 1.98% for Class C, 0.80% for Class R6, 1.15% for Administrator Class, and 0.90% for Institutional Class. Brokerage commissions, stamp duty fees, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses (if any), and extraordinary expenses are excluded from the expense caps. Prior to or after the commitment expiration date, the caps may be increased or the commitment to maintain the caps may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees. Without these caps, the Fund's returns would have been lower. The expense ratio paid by an investor is the net expense ratio (the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers) as stated in the prospectuses.

Historical performance shown for the Class R6 shares prior to their inception reflects the performance of the Institutional Class shares, and includes the higher expenses applicable to the Institutional Class shares. If these expenses had not been included, returns for the Class R6 shares would be higher.

⁴ The Russell 2000® Growth Index measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with higher price/book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. You cannot invest directly in an index.



¹ The chart compares the performance of Class A shares for the most recent ten years with the Russell 2000® Growth Index. The chart assumes a hypothetical investment of \$10,000 in Class A shares and reflects all operating expenses and assumes the maximum initial sales charge of 5.75%.

MANAGER'S DISCUSSION

Fund highlights

- The Fund underperformed its benchmark, the Russell 2000° Growth Index, for the 12-month period that ended March 31, 2023.
- Select holdings within the materials, health care, and information technology (IT) sectors detracted from performance.
- Security selection within the consumer discretionary and industrials sectors contributed to the Fund's performance.

Inflation and monetary policy dominated market sentiment.

Over the past year, a continual stream of macro headlines created high volatility for investors. Market sentiment fluctuated as investors grappled with high inflation, tightening Federal Reserve (Fed) policy, supply chain disruptions, and the war in Ukraine. Amid this uncertainty, the dominant storyline was persistently high inflation as the headline year-over-year U.S. Consumer Price Index* reached the highest levels in more than 40 years. In response, the Fed monetary policy became hawkish and materially tightened financial conditions. The markets reacted swiftly and sharply. Volatility spiked over renewed concerns that the Fed may overshoot a soft landing, driving the economy into a recession. As a result, rising discount rates pressured valuations of long-duration growth stocks—those businesses with superior revenue growth projected years into the future. Additionally, investors rotated out of IT and e-commerce stocks due to concerns that a recession would reduce IT and consumer spending. For many companies with disruptive technologies, a disconnection emerged between stock prices and underlying fundamentals. By March 2023, multiple regional banks collapsed as depositors sought higher rates elsewhere. With the strain of the high rates beginning to weigh on the economy, investors shifted their focus to companies that exhibited profitability and resilient financial results.

Stock selection within the materials and IT sectors weighed on the Fund's performance.

Within IT, BILL Holdings, Inc. (BILL), provides cloud-based software that enables small and medium-size businesses (SMBs) to digitize back-office functions. In return, BILL receives subscription fees and a portion of each transaction processed by its customers. This transactional revenue exposes BILL to the cyclicality of the underlying SMBs, which adversely affected BILL as economic concerns led many customers to reduce advertising and discretionary spending. Additionally, BILL's new client growth slowed for the first time since becoming a public company. We are closely monitoring fundamentals. However, we believe BILL is still positioned to deliver superior growth for investors over time.

A detractor in materials, Ranpak Holdings Corp. (PACK) provides environmentally sustainable packaging materials for the e-commerce industry. Overall demand continues to grow for Ranpak products, but concerns over slowing e-commerce growth weighed on the share price. Additionally, the spike in energy costs and tight labor markets led Ranpak's management team to reduce the company's growth outlook. While we hold conviction in the adoption of environmentally sustainable solutions for e-commerce, near-term volatility may continue if profit margins remain compressed. We are closely monitoring fundamentals.

Ten largest holdings (%) as of March 31, 2023 ¹	
Casella Waste Systems Incorporated Class A	2.81
HealthEquity Incorporated	2.73
WNS Holdings Limited ADR	2.63
Wingstop Incorporated	2.59
Rexford Industrial Realty Incorporated	2.57
Tetra Tech Incorporated	2.44
Novanta Incorporated	2.39
Saia Incorporated	2.24
Keywords Studios plc	2.04
MGP Ingredients Incorporated	2.02

Figures represent the percentage of the Fund's net assets. Holdings are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

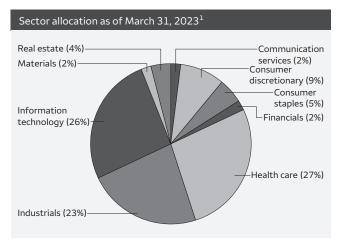
Holdings within the consumer discretionary and industrials sectors contributed to the Fund's performance.

A contributor within consumer discretionary, Wingstop, Inc. (WING), operates a global casual restaurant chain specializing in chicken wings and sauces. During the year, Wingstop reported strong same-store sales growth and expanding profit margins. With the vast majority of its restaurants owned by franchisees, Wingstop enjoys superior profitability compared with competitors. Over the past year, the company opened more than 200 locations, launched new menu items, joined Uber Eats, and increased advertising campaigns. With exceptional unit economics, Wingstop is

^{*} The U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. You cannot invest directly in an index.

well positioned for superior growth within the vast and highly fragmented restaurant industry.

Axon Enterprise, Inc. (AXON), a contributor within industrials, manufactures cameras, software, and devices for law enforcement. By providing smart devices that back up to the cloud, Axon is using technology to improve the safety and transparency of law enforcement. Previously, Axon operated under a legacy "bill and ship" model, where hardware sales were large but infrequent. This led to lumpy and less predictable financial results. Over time, the company shifted to a subscription model for both hardware and software. creating a steady stream of revenue. During the year, Axon reported strong growth across most segments and improved margins within software. Additionally, the company is on track to release upgraded hardware, which typically leads to an upgrade cycle from customers. With a growing international client base and expanding product lineup, Axon is poised for strong future results.



Figures represent the percentage of the Fund's long-term investments. Allocations are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

The growth of a business remains our north star.

As fundamentals become a key return driver later in the business cycle, we see opportunity for growth stocks relative to cyclical businesses with greater exposure to the weakening economy. Estimates for S&P 500 Index* earnings growth in 2023 have begun to decline, which is an indication that policy tightening is starting to flow through to the real economy. As growth expectations compress downward, companies that can grow organically through a rough economic patch are harder to find. We believe this is a rather compelling case for investing in growth equities. Relative valuations of growth stocks compared with the broad market are near their long-term average and, in our view, have likely completed the bulk of their de-rating in this cycle.

Despite our bullishness for growth stocks, the range of outcomes for the economy remains very wide in 2023. Events from the past quarter—easing inflation, the banking crisis, shifting rate expectations—have created tailwinds for our investing style, but it is still important to be mindful of risks. As a result, we remain selective and favor companies with durable fundamentals and a higher certainty of meeting expectations. Furthermore, we have diligently continued to adjust portfolio construction. Exposure to idiosyncratic and resilient "core" growth holdings has increased while we maintain a balanced exposure to higher-growth "developing situations."

Over the long term, we believe the growth of an underlying business is the dominant driver of equity returns and is the guiding principle of our investment philosophy. Therefore, we are of the opinion that the fundamental growth of our portfolios will be unlocked and reward the patience of our shareholders with strong future performance.

The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-valueweighted index with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. You cannot invest directly in an index.

As a shareholder of the Fund, you incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, including sales charges (loads) on purchase payments and contingent deferred sales charges (if any) on redemptions and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees, distribution (12b-1) and/or shareholder servicing fees, and other Fund expenses. This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the six-month period and held for the entire period from October 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023.

Actual expenses

The "Actual" line of the table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this line, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the "Actual" line under the heading entitled "Expenses paid during period" for your applicable class of shares to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical example for comparison purposes

The "Hypothetical" line of the table below provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund and other funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as sales charges (loads) and contingent deferred sales charges. Therefore, the "Hypothetical" line of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

	Beginning account value 10-1-2022	Ending account value 3-31-2023	Expenses paid during the period ¹	Annualized net expense ratio
Class A Actual Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00	\$1,080.93	\$ 6.38	1.23%
	\$1,000.00	\$1,018.80	\$ 6.19	1.23%
Class C Actual Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00 \$1,000.00	\$1,077.14 \$1,015.06	\$10.25 \$ 9.95	1.98% 1.98%
Class R6 Actual Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00 \$1,000.00	\$1,083.27 \$1,020.94	\$ 4.16 \$ 4.03	0.80% 0.80%
Administrator Class Actual Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00	\$1,081.29	\$ 5.97	1.15%
	\$1,000.00	\$1,019.20	\$ 5.79	1.15%
Institutional Class Actual Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00	\$1,082.82	\$ 4.67	0.90%
	\$1,000.00	\$1,020.44	\$ 4.53	0.90%

¹ Expenses paid is equal to the annualized net expense ratio of each class multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 182 divided by 365 (to reflect the one-half-year period).

Common aboda OC 70%	Shares	Value
Common stocks: 96.79% Communication services: 2.09%		
Interactive media & services: 2.09%	20.016	. 704112
Bumble Incorporated Class A† IAC/InterActiveCorp†	36,016 31,869	\$ 704,113 1,644,440
IAC/IIIterActiveCorp	31,009	1,044,440
		2,348,553
Consumer discretionary: 8.73%		
Broadline retail: 1.11%		
Global-E Online Limited †	38,887	1,253,328
Hotels, restaurants & leisure: 4.41%		
Papa John's International Incorporated	27,291	2,044,915
Wingstop Incorporated	15,870	2,913,415
		4,958,330
Leisure products: 3.21%		
Callaway Golf Company †	61,853	1,337,262
Games Workshop Group plc	19,033	2,267,036
		3,604,298
Consumer staples: 5.23%		
Beverages: 2.02%		
MGP Ingredients Incorporated	23,527	2,275,531
Personal care products: 3.21%		
Bellring Brands Incorporated †	61,299	2,084,166
Coty Incorporated Class A†	126,427	1,524,710
		3,608,876
Financials: 3.47%		
Capital markets: 1.72%		
Morningstar Incorporated	6,866	1,394,004
Open Lending Corporation Class A†	76,108	535,800
		1,929,804
Financial services: 1.75%		
Shift4 Payments Incorporated Class A†	25,991	1,970,118
Health care: 25.99%		
Biotechnology: 4.63%		
Apellis Pharmaceuticals Incorporated † Ascendis Pharma AS ADR †	10,628	701,023
CRISPR Therapeutics AG †	8,224 7,430	881,777 336,059
Geron Corporation †	110,093	238,902
Halozyme Therapeutics Incorporated †	33,263	1,270,314
Mirati Therapeutics Incorporated †	5,700	211,926
Natera Incorporated †	14,903	827,415
TG Therapeutics Incorporated †	31,635	475,790
Zentalis Pharmaceuticals Incorporated †	15,363	264,244
		5,207,450

	Shares	Value
Health care equipment & supplies: 13.31%	Shares	Value
Axonics Incorporated †	16,722	\$ 912,352
Establishment Labs Holdings Incorporated †	8,059	545,917
ICU Medical Incorporated †	7,352	1,212,786
Inari Medical Incorporated †	18,252	1,126,878
Inspire Medical Systems Incorporated †	8,090	1,893,626
iRhythm Technologies Incorporated †	15,836	1,964,139
Lantheus Holdings Incorporated †	21,964	1,813,348
Shockwave Medical Incorporated †	6,171	1,338,058
TransMedics Group Incorporated †	14,204	1,075,669
Treace Medical Concepts Incorporated †	69,784	1,757,859
UFP Technologies Incorporated †	10,214	1,326,186
		14,966,818
Health care providers & services: 4.60%		
HealthEquity Incorporated †	52,394	3,076,048
Option Care Health Incorporated †	66,214	2,103,619
		5,179,667
Life sciences tools & services: 3.08%		
Azenta Incorporated †	20,996	936,842
MaxCyte Incorporated †	152,850	756,608
Stevanato Group SpA	68,203	1,766,458
		3,459,908
Pharmaceuticals: 0.37%		
Arvinas Incorporated †	15,422	421,329
Industrials: 22.26%		
Aerospace & defense: 1.25%		
Axon Enterprise Incorporated †	6,280	1,412,058
Building products: 1.80%		
Advanced Drainage Systems Incorporated	12,566	1,058,183
Trex Company Incorporated †	19,779	962,644
		2,020,827
Commercial services & supplies: 5.25%		
Casella Waste Systems Incorporated Class A†	38,226	3,159,761
Tetra Tech Incorporated	18,715	2,749,421
		5,909,182
Electrical equipment: 2.32%		
Allied Motion Technologies	40,131	1,551,063
Shoals Technologies Group Class A†	46,524	1,060,282
		2,611,345
Ground transportation: 2.24%		2,011,3 13
Saia Incorporated †	9,258	2,518,917
	, , , ,	
Machinery: 1.61% RBC Bearings Incorporated †	7,770	1,808,312
Noc ocarings incorporated [7,770	1,000,312
Professional services: 5.59%	_	
FTI Consulting Incorporated †	8,117	1,601,890

		Malue
Sn.	ares	Value
Professional services (continued)		
	15,757	\$ 1,728,543
WNS Holdings Limited ADR †	31,705	2,953,955
		6,284,388
		0,264,366
Trading companies & distributors: 2.20%		
	14,564	1,993,375
Xometry Incorporated Class A†	32,022	479,369
		2,472,744
		2,472,744
Information technology: 23.39%		
Electronic equipment, instruments & components: 5.66%		
Littelfuse Incorporated	8,024	2,151,154
	41,887	711,038
	30,042	814,828
	16,879	2,685,280
	,	
		6,362,300
IT services: 4.04%		
	18,328	1,231,275
	57,498	2,296,462
	06,905	1,019,874
		4,547,611
Semiconductors & semiconductor equipment: 4.63%		
Impinj Incorporated†	14,340	1,943,357
Indie Semiconductor Incorporated †	92,903	980,127
Lattice Semiconductor Corporation †	12,295	1,174,173
Sitime Corporation †	7,806	1,110,247
		5,207,904
		3,207,904
Software: 9.06%		
	11,535	935,950
	98,527	883,787
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	51,891	828,180
	45,033	299,019
	21,182	726,331
	43,695 33,153	848,557 1,086,528
	34,391	1,202,997
3 , 1 , 1	26,458	1,610,763
	17,333	1,775,073
Workiva mediporated	17,555	
		10,197,185
Materials: 2.13%		
Materials, 2.15%		
Chemicals: 0.29%		
Aspen Aerogels Incorporated †	44,285	329,923
Containers & packaging: 0.68%	46 202	762 664
Ranpak Holdings Corporation †	46,299	763,681
Metals & mining: 1.16%		
•	32,963	1,300,720
	•	

			Shares	Value
Real estate: 3.50%				
Industrial REITs: 2.57%				
Rexford Industrial Realty Incorporated			48,473	\$ 2,891,414
Real estate management & development: 0.93%				
DigitalBridge Group Incorporated			87,159	1,045,036
Total Common stocks (Cost \$102,338,344)				108,867,557
		Yield		
Short-term investments: 3.45%				
Investment companies: 3.45%				
Allspring Government Money Market Fund Select Class ♠∞		4.69%	3,883,609	3,883,609
Total Short-term investments (Cost \$3,883,609)				3,883,609
Total investments in securities (Cost \$106,221,953)	100.24%			112,751,166
Other assets and liabilities, net	(0.24)			(266,210)
Total net assets	100.00%			\$112,484,956

[†] Non-income-earning security

Abbreviations:

ADR American depositary receipt REIT Real estate investment trust

Investments in affiliates

An affiliated investment is an investment in which the Fund owns at least 5% of the outstanding voting shares of the issuer or as a result of other relationships, such as the Fund and the issuer having the same investment manager. Transactions with issuers that were affiliates of the Fund at the end of the period were as follows:

	Value, beginning of period	Purchases	Sales proceeds	Net realized gains (losses)	Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	Value, end of period	Shares, end of period	Income from affiliated securities
Short-term investments Allspring Government Money Market Fund Select Class	\$1,852,545	\$35,924,199	\$(33,893,135)	\$ 0	\$0	\$3,883,609	3,883,609	\$109,845
Investments in affiliates no longer held at end of period Securities Lending Cash Investments LLC	5.055.425	39,409,635	(44.464.947)	(113)	0	0	0	82,288 [#]
IIIVESTITIETIUS EEC	3,033,423	39,409,033	(44,404,347)	\$ (113)	<u>\$0</u>	\$3,883,609	O	\$192,133

[#] Amount shown represents income before fees and rebates.

[★] The issuer of the security is an affiliated person of the Fund as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

[∞] The rate represents the 7-day annualized yield at period end.

Assets	
Investments in unaffiliated securities, at value (cost \$102,338,344).	\$108,867,557
Investments in affiliated securities, at value (cost \$3,883,609).	3,883,609
Cash	15
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$376)	350
Receivable for dividends	39,761
Receivable for Fund shares sold.	21,900
Prepaid expenses and other assets	61,494
Total assets	112,874,686
Liabilities	
Payable for investments purchased	157,560
Payable for Fund shares redeemed	119,083
Management fee payable	64,828
Administration fees payable	18,126
Trustees' fees and expenses payable	1,537
Distribution fee payable	303
Accrued expenses and other liabilities.	28,293
Total liabilities	389,730
Total net assets	<u>\$112,484,956</u>
Net assets consist of	
Paid-in capital	\$127,284,008
Total distributable loss	(14,799,052)
Total net assets	\$112,484,956
Computation of net asset value and offering price per share	± 70.000.057
Net assets – Class A	\$ 73,660,357
Shares outstanding – Class A ¹	6,526,421
Net asset value per share – Class A	\$11.29
Maximum offering price per share – Class A ²	\$11.98
Net assets – Class C	\$ 433,252
Shares outstanding – Class C ¹	48,797 \$8.88
Net asset value per share – Class C	\$ 1,611,677
Shares outstanding – Class R6 ¹	109,250
Net asset value per share – Class R6.	\$14.75
Net assets – Administrator Class	\$ 351,794
Shares outstanding – Administrator Class ¹ .	24,839
Net asset value per share – Administrator Class.	\$14.16
Net assets – Institutional Class.	\$ 36,427,876
Shares outstanding – Institutional Class ¹	2,477,514
Net asset value per share – Institutional Class	\$14.70
	- ··· ·

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The Fund has an unlimited number of authorized shares.

 $^{^{2}}$ Maximum offering price is computed as 100/94.25 of net asset value. On investments of \$50,000 or more, the offering price is reduced.

Investment income		
Dividends (net of foreign withholdings taxes of \$2,609)	\$	277,529
Income from affiliated securities	*	125,751
Total investment income.		403,280
Expenses		
Management fee		961,831
Administration fees		
Class A		163,603
Class C		1,068
Class R6		609
Administrator Class		468
Institutional Class		42,056
Shareholder servicing fees		
Class A		194,766
Class C		1,197
Administrator Class		900
Distribution fee		
Class C		3,495
Custody and accounting fees		23,332
Professional fees		57,261
Registration fees		69,994
Shareholder report expenses		46,958
Trustees' fees and expenses		20,175
Other fees and expenses		11,248
Total expenses.		1,598,961
Less: Fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements		
Fund-level		(318,951)
Class A		(890)
Class R6		(202)
Net expenses		1,278,918
·	_	
Net investment loss		(875,638)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments		
Net realized losses on		
Unaffiliated securities	(2	0,669,751)
Affiliated securities		(113)
Net realized losses on investments	-12	
Net realized losses on investments	_(2	0,669,864)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments.	(2,931,845)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(2	3,601,709)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	\$(2	4,477,347)

		r ended 131, 2023		n ended n 31, 2022
Operations		\$ (875.638)		ф /1 CAC EAC
Net investment loss		\$ (875,638) (20,669,864)		\$ (1,646,546) 19,377,472
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments		(2,931,845)		(48,630,162)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations		(24,477,347)		(30,899,236)
Distributions to shareholders from				
Net investment income and net realized gains				
Class A		(5,519,827)		(20,423,584)
Class C		(45,155)		(219,886)
Class R6		(108,808)		(261,203)
Administrator Class		(20,581)		(73,953)
Institutional Class		(1,746,787)		(5,596,005)
Total distributions to shareholders.	-	(7,441,158)		(26,574,631)
Capital share transactions Proceeds from shares sold	Shares		Shares	
Class A	171,589	1,959,895	332,425	6,683,479
Class C	3,700	35,148	9,338	159,600
Class R6	97,894	1,465,007	101,634	2,520,991
Administrator Class	5,272	76,430	19,749	478,478
Institutional Class	981,253	14,156,439	1,426,944	36,296,515
		17,692,919		46,139,063
Reinvestment of distributions				
Class A	500,006	5,395,069	1,111,624	20,009,223
Class C	5,306	45,155	15,071	219,886
Class R6	7,722	108,808	11,367	261,203
Administrator Class	1,465	19,840	3,223	71,474
Institutional Class	124,264	1,744,660	243,402	5,583,641
		7,313,532		26,145,427
Payment for shares redeemed				
Class A	(970,262)	(11,385,102)	(833,733)	(16,092,697)
Class C	(26,378)	(253,923)	(45,052)	(778,561)
Class R6	(110,816)	(1,602,419)	(15,802)	(375,226)
Administrator Class	(9,494)	(148,800)	(10,679)	(239,024)
Institutional Class	(581,429)	(8,777,481)	(452,264)	(10,422,365)
		(22,167,725)		(27,907,873)
Net increase in net assets resulting from capital share transactions		2,838,726		44,376,617
Total decrease in net assets		(29,079,779)		(13,097,250)
Net assets				
Beginning of period		141,564,735		154,661,985
End of period		\$112,484,956		\$141,564,735

	Year ended March 31				
Class A	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$14.82	\$21.39	\$11.00	\$13.28	\$15.32
Net investment loss	(0.10)1	$(0.21)^1$	$(0.18)^{1}$	(0.10)1	$(0.11)^1$
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(2.55)	(2.94)	11.09	(1.27)	2.17
Total from investment operations	(2.65)	(3.15)	10.91	(1.37)	2.06
Distributions to shareholders from					
Net realized gains	(0.88)	(3.42)	(0.52)	(0.91)	(4.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$11.29	\$14.82	\$21.39	\$11.00	\$13.28
Total return ²	(17.58)%	(17.57)%	99.31%	(11.52)%	17.46%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)					
Gross expenses	1.51%	1.44%	1.47%	1.52%	1.51%
Net expenses	1.23%	1.23%	1.23%	1.23%	1.23%
Net investment loss	(0.88)%	(1.03)%	(0.99)%	(0.74)%	(0.74)%
Supplemental data					
Portfolio turnover rate	44%	55%	55%	63%	155%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$73,660	\$101,163	\$132,937	\$66,472	\$86,006

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 1}$ Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Total return calculations do not include any sales charges.

	Year ended March 31				
Class C	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$11.99	\$18.08	\$9.39	\$11.55	\$13.94
Net investment loss	$(0.15)^1$	$(0.31)^{1}$	$(0.28)^{1}$	$(0.18)^{1}$	(0.20)1
Payment from affiliate	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(2.08)	(2.36)	9.48	(1.07)	1.91
Total from investment operations.	(2.23)	(2.67)	9.21	(1.25)	1.71
Distributions to shareholders from					
Net realized gains	(0.88)	(3.42)	(0.52)	(0.91)	(4.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$8.88	\$11.99	\$18.08	\$9.39	\$11.55
Total return ²	(18.25)%	(18.16)%	98.22% ³	(12.30)%	16.69%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)					
Gross expenses	2.18%	2.18%	2.20%	2.26%	2.26%
Net expenses	1.97%	1.98%	1.98%	1.98%	1.98%
Net investment loss	(1.62)%	(1.79)%	(1.74)%	(1.49)%	(1.48)%
Supplemental data					
Portfolio turnover rate	44%	55%	55%	63%	155%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted).	\$433	\$793	\$1,569	\$395	\$349

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 1}$ Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

² Total return calculations do not include any sales charges.

³ During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Fund received a payment from an affiliate which had an impact of 0.09% on the total return.

	Year ended March 31		:h 31
Class R6	2023	2022	2021 ¹
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$18.95	\$26.29	\$17.87
Net investment loss	(0.07) ² (3.25)	(0.14) ² (3.78)	(0.11) ² 9.05
Total from investment operations	(3.32)	(3.92)	8.94
Distributions to shareholders from Net realized gains.	(0.88)	(3.42)	(0.52)
Net asset value, end of period	\$14.75	\$18.95	\$26.29
Total return ³	(17.28)%	(17.21)%	50.11%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)			
Gross expenses	1.09%	1.02%	1.03%
Net expenses	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Net investment loss	(0.45)%	(0.58)%	(0.54)%
Supplemental data			
Portfolio turnover rate	44%	55%	55%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$1,612	\$2,169	\$454

 $^{^{1}}$ For the period from May 29, 2020 (commencement of class operations) to March 31, 2021

² Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Returns for periods of less than one year are not annualized.

	Year ended March 31				
Administrator Class	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$18.26	\$25.54	\$12.91	\$15.43	\$17.14
Net investment loss	(0.12)1	(0.22)1	(0.20)1	(0.11)1	(0.11)1
Payment from affiliate	0.00	0.00 (3.64)	0.11 13.24	0.00 (1.50)	0.00 2.50
Total from investment operations.	(3.22)	(3.86)	13.15	(1.61)	2.39
Distributions to shareholders from Net realized gains	(0.88)	(3.42)	(0.52)	(0.91)	(4.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$14.16	\$18.26	\$25.54	\$12.91	\$15.43
Total return	(17.39)%	6 ² (17.49)%	101.97% ³	(11.52)%	17.59%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)					
Gross expenses	1.43%	1.37%	1.39%	1.44%	1.43%
Net expenses	1.15%	1.15%	1.15%	1.15%	1.15%
Net investment loss	(0.79)%	6 (0.95)%	(0.90)%	(0.66)%	(0.62)%
Supplemental data					
Portfolio turnover rate	44%	55%	55%	63%	155%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted).	\$352	\$504	\$391	\$93	\$104

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 1}$ Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

² During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Fund received payments from a service provider which had a 0.18% impact on the total return.

³ During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Fund received a payment from an affiliate which had an impact of 0.89% on the total return.

	Year ended March 31				
Institutional Class	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$18.91	\$26.26	\$13.39	\$15.94	\$17.53
Net investment loss	(0.08) ¹ (3.25)	(0.17) ¹ (3.76)	(0.15) ¹ 13.54	(0.07) ¹ (1.57)	(0.07) ¹ 2.58
Total from investment operations	(3.33)	(3.93)	13.39	(1.64)	2.51
Distributions to shareholders from Net realized gains	(0.88)	(3.42)	(0.52)	(0.91)	(4.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$14.70	\$18.91	\$26.26	\$13.39	\$15.94
Total return	(17.37)%	(17.27)%	100.11%	(11.29)%	17.85%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)					
Gross expenses	1.18%	1.12%	1.14%	1.19%	1.18%
Net expenses	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Net investment loss	(0.53)%	(0.69)%	(0.66)%	(0.41)%	(0.41)%
Supplemental data					
Portfolio turnover rate	44%	55%	55%	63%	155%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$36,428	\$36,936	\$19,311	\$7,980	\$9,695

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 1}$ Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

1. ORGANIZATION

Allspring Funds Trust (the "Trust"), a Delaware statutory trust organized on March 10, 1999, is an open-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As an investment company, the Trust follows the accounting and reporting guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies*. These financial statements report on the Allspring Discovery Small Cap Growth Fund (the "Fund") which is a diversified series of the Trust.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies, which are consistently followed in the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund, are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities valuation

All investments are valued each business day as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (generally 4 p.m. Eastern Time), although the Fund may deviate from this calculation time under unusual or unexpected circumstances.

Equity securities that are listed on a foreign or domestic exchange or market are valued at the official closing price or, if none, the last sales price.

The values of securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at rates provided by an independent foreign currency pricing source at a time each business day specified by the Valuation Committee established by Allspring Funds Management, LLC ("Allspring Funds Management").

Many securities markets and exchanges outside the U.S. close prior to the close of the New York Stock Exchange and therefore may not fully reflect trading or events that occur after the close of the principal exchange in which the foreign securities are traded, but before the close of the New York Stock Exchange. If such trading or events are expected to materially affect the value of such securities, then fair value pricing procedures implemented by Allspring Funds Management are applied. These procedures take into account multiple factors including movements in U.S. securities markets after foreign exchanges close. Foreign securities that are fair valued under these procedures are categorized as Level 2 and the application of these procedures may result in transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. Depending on market activity, such fair valuations may be frequent. Such fair value pricing may result in net asset values that are higher or lower than net asset values based on the last reported sales price or latest quoted bid price. On March 31, 2023, such fair value pricing was used in pricing certain foreign securities.

Investments in registered open-end investment companies (other than those listed on a foreign or domestic exchange or market) are valued at net asset value. Interests in non-registered investment companies that are redeemable at net asset value are fair valued normally at net asset value.

Investments which are not valued using the methods discussed above are valued at their fair value, as determined in good faith by Allspring Funds Management, which was named the valuation designee by the Board of Trustees. As the valuation designee, Allspring Funds Management is responsible for day-to-day valuation activities for the Allspring Funds. In connection with these responsibilities, Allspring Funds Management has established a Valuation Committee and has delegated to it the authority to take any actions regarding the valuation of portfolio securities that the Valuation Committee deems necessary or appropriate, including determining the fair value of portfolio securities. On a quarterly basis, the Board of Trustees receives reports of valuation actions taken by the Valuation Committee. On at least an annual basis, the Board of Trustees receives an assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of Allspring Funds Management's process for determining the fair value of the portfolio of investments.

Foreign currency translation

The accounting records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. The values of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at rates provided by an independent foreign currency pricing source at a time each business day specified by the Valuation Committee. Purchases and sales of securities, and income and expenses are converted at the rate of exchange on the respective dates of such transactions. Net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest and foreign withholding taxes recorded and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually paid or received. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the fair value of assets and liabilities other than investments in securities resulting from changes in exchange rates.

The changes in net assets arising from changes in exchange rates of securities and the changes in net assets resulting from changes in market prices of securities are not separately presented. Such changes are included in net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments.

Securities lending

During the period, the Fund participated in a program to lend its securities from time to time in order to earn additional income in the form of fees or interest on securities received as collateral or the investment of any cash received as collateral. When securities were on loan, the Fund received interest or dividends on those securities. Cash collateral received in connection with its securities lending transactions was invested in Securities Lending Cash Investments, LLC (the "Securities Lending Fund"), an affiliated non-registered investment company. Effective at the close of business on March 29, 2023, the Fund is no longer participating in the securities lending program and the Securities Lending Fund was liquidated. Securities Lending Fund was managed by Allspring Funds Management and was subadvised by Allspring Global Investments, LLC ("Allspring Investments"), an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management and wholly owned subsidiary of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC. Allspring Funds Management received an advisory fee starting at 0.05% and declining to 0.01% as the average daily net assets of the Securities Lending Fund increased. All of the fees received by Allspring Funds Management were paid to Allspring Investments for its services as subadviser.

Investments in Securities Lending Fund were valued at the evaluated bid price provided by an independent pricing service. Income earned from investment in the Securities Lending Fund (net of fees and rebates), if any, is included in income from affiliated securities on the Statement of Operations.

In a securities lending transaction, the net asset value of the Fund is affected by an increase or decrease in the value of the securities loaned and by an increase or decrease in the value of the instrument in which collateral is invested. The amount of securities lending activity undertaken by the Fund fluctuates from time to time. The Fund has the right under the lending agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. In the event of default or bankruptcy by the borrower, the Fund may be prevented from recovering the loaned securities or gaining access to the collateral or may experience delays or costs in doing so. In such an event, the terms of the agreement allow the unaffiliated securities lending agent to use the collateral to purchase replacement securities on behalf of the Fund or pay the Fund the market value of the loaned securities. The Fund bears the risk of loss with respect to depreciation of its investment of the cash collateral.

Security transactions and income recognition

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses are recorded on the basis of identified cost.

Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends from foreign securities, which are recorded as soon as the custodian verifies the ex-dividend date. Dividend income is recorded net of foreign taxes withheld where recovery of such taxes is not assured.

Distributions to shareholders

Distributions to shareholders from net investment income and any net realized gains are recorded on the ex-dividend date and paid at least annually. Such distributions are determined in accordance with income tax regulations and may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Dividend sources are estimated at the time of declaration. The tax character of distributions is determined as of the Fund's fiscal year end. Therefore, a portion of the Fund's distributions made prior to the Fund's fiscal year end may be categorized as a tax return of capital at year end.

Federal and other taxes

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by distributing substantially all of its investment company taxable income and any net realized capital gains (after reduction for capital loss carryforwards) sufficient to relieve it from all, or substantially all, federal income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes was required.

The Fund's income and federal excise tax returns and all financial records supporting those returns for the prior three fiscal years are subject to examination by the federal and Delaware revenue authorities. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal, state, and foreign tax returns, as applicable, for all open tax years and does not believe that there are any uncertain tax positions that require recognition of a tax liability.

As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate cost of all investments for federal income tax purposes was \$107,178,150 and the unrealized gains (losses) consisted of:

Gross unrealized gains	\$ 27,839,926
Gross unrealized losses	(22,266,910)
Net unrealized gains	\$ 5,573,016

Reclassifications are made to the Fund's capital accounts for permanent tax differences to reflect income and gains available for distribution (or available capital loss carryforwards) under federal income tax regulations. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or net asset values per share. The primary permanent difference causing such reclassification is due to net operating loss. At March 31, 2023, as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, the following reclassification adjustments were made on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

Paid-in capital	Total distributable loss
\$(971,705)	\$971,705

As of March 31, 2023, the Fund had capital loss carryforwards which consisted of \$7,261,788 in short-term capital losses and \$12,910,097 in long-term capital losses.

As of March 31, 2023, the Fund had a qualified late-year ordinary loss of \$192,067 which will be recognized on the first day of the following fiscal year.

Class allocations

The separate classes of shares offered by the Fund differ principally in applicable sales charges, distribution, shareholder servicing, and administration fees. Class specific expenses are charged directly to that share class. Investment income, common fund-level expenses, and realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments are allocated daily to each class of shares based on the relative proportion of net assets of each class.

3. FAIR VALUATION MEASUREMENTS

Fair value measurements of investments are determined within a framework that has established a fair value hierarchy based upon the various data inputs utilized in determining the value of the Fund's investments. The three-level hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The Fund's investments are classified within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The inputs are summarized into three broad levels as follows:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing investments in securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following is a summary of the inputs used in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2023:

	Quoted prices (Level 1)	Other significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets				
Investments in:				
Common stocks				
Communication services	\$ 2,348,553	\$ 0	\$ O	\$ 2,348,553
Consumer discretionary	7,548,920	2,267,036	0	9,815,956
Consumer staples	5,884,407	0	0	5,884,407
Financials	3,899,922	0	0	3,899,922
Health care	29,235,172	0	0	29,235,172
Industrials	25,037,773	0	0	25,037,773
Information technology	25,603,962	711,038	0	26,315,000
Materials	2,394,324	0	0	2,394,324
Real estate	3,936,450	0	0	3,936,450
Short-term investments				
Investment companies	3,883,609	0	0	3,883,609
Total assets	\$109,773,092	\$2,978,074	\$0	\$112,751,166

Additional sector, industry or geographic detail, if any, is included in the Portfolio of Investments.

For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Fund did not have any transfers into/out of Level 3.

4. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Management fee

Allspring Funds Management, a wholly owned subsidiary of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC, a holding company indirectly owned by certain private funds of GTCR LLC and Reverence Capital Partners, L.P., is the manager of the Fund and provides advisory and fund-level administrative services under an investment management agreement. Under the investment management agreement, Allspring Funds Management is responsible for, among other services, implementing the investment objectives and strategies of the Fund, supervising the subadviser and providing fund-level administrative services in connection with the Fund's operations. As compensation for its services under the investment management agreement, Allspring Funds Management is entitled to receive a management fee at the following annual rate based on the Fund's average daily net assets:

Average daily net assets	Management fee
First \$500 million	0.850%
Next \$500 million	0.825
Next \$1 billion	0.800
Next \$1 billion	0.775
Next \$1 billion	0.750
Next \$1 billion	0.730
Next \$5 billion	0.720
Over \$10 billion	0.710

For the year ended March 31, 2023, the management fee was equivalent to an annual rate of 0.85% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

Allspring Funds Management has retained the services of a subadviser to provide daily portfolio management to the Fund. The fee for subadvisory services is borne by Allspring Funds Management. Allspring Investments is the subadviser to the Fund and is entitled to receive a fee from Allspring Funds Management at an annual rate starting at 0.55% and declining to 0.40% as the average daily net assets of the Fund increase.

Administration fees

Under a class-level administration agreement, Allspring Funds Management provides class-level administrative services to the Fund, which includes paying fees and expenses for services provided by the transfer agent, sub-transfer agents, omnibus account servicers and record-keepers. As compensation for its services under the class-level administration agreement, Allspring Funds Management receives an annual fee which is calculated based on the average daily net assets of each class as follows:

	Class-level administration fee
Class A	0.21%
Class C	0.21
Class R6	0.03
Administrator Class	0.13
Institutional Class	0.13

Waivers and/or expense reimbursements

Allspring Funds Management has contractually committed to waive and/or reimburse management and administration fees to the extent necessary to maintain certain net operating expense ratios for the Fund. When each class of the Fund has exceeded its expense cap, Allspring Funds Management will waive fees and/or reimburse expenses from fund-level expenses on a proportionate basis and then from class specific expenses. When only certain classes exceed their expense caps, waivers and/or reimbursements are applied against class specific expenses before fund-level expenses. Allspring Funds Management has contractually committed through July 31, 2023 to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap expenses. Prior to or after the commitment expiration date, the caps may be increased or the commitment to maintain the caps may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees. As of March 31, 2023, the contractual expense caps are as follows:

	Expense ratio caps
Class A	1.23%
Class C	1.98
Class R6	0.80
Administrator Class	1.15
Institutional Class	0.90

Distribution fee

The Trust has adopted a distribution plan for Class C shares pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. A distribution fee is charged to Class C shares and paid to Allspring Funds Distributor, LLC ("Allspring Funds Distributor"), the principal underwriter, an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management, at an annual rate up to 0.75% of the average daily net assets of Class C shares.

In addition, Allspring Funds Distributor is entitled to receive the front-end sales charge from the purchase of Class A shares and a contingent deferred sales charge on the redemption of certain Class A shares. Allspring Funds Distributor is also entitled to receive the contingent deferred sales charges from redemptions of Class C shares. For the year ended March 31, 2023, Allspring Funds Distributor received \$215 from the sale of Class A shares. No contingent deferred sales charges were incurred by Class A and Class C shares for the year ended March 31, 2023.

Shareholder servicing fees

The Trust has entered into contracts with one or more shareholder servicing agents, whereby Class A, Class C and Administrator Class are charged a fee at an annual rate up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of each respective class. A portion of these total shareholder servicing fees were paid to affiliates of the Fund.

Interfund transactions

The Fund may purchase or sell portfolio investment securities to certain affiliates pursuant to Rule 17a-7 under the 1940 Act and under procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees. The procedures have been designed to ensure that these interfund transactions, which do not incur broker commissions, are effected at current market prices.

5. INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS

Purchases and sales of investments, excluding U.S. government obligations (if any) and short-term securities, for the year ended March 31, 2023 were \$48,507,086 and \$55,397,113, respectively.

6. BANK BORROWINGS

The Trust (excluding the money market funds), Allspring Master Trust and Allspring Variable Trust are parties to a \$350,000,000 revolving credit agreement whereby the Fund is permitted to use bank borrowings for temporary or emergency purposes, such as to fund shareholder redemption requests. Interest under the credit agreement is charged to the Fund based on a borrowing rate equal to the higher of the Federal Funds rate or the overnight bank funding rate in effect on that day plus a spread. In addition, an annual commitment fee based on the unused balance is allocated to each participating fund.

For the year ended March 31, 2023, there were no borrowings by the Fund under the agreement.

7. DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS

The tax character of distributions paid during the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Year ended March 31	
	2023	2022
Ordinary income	\$ 0	\$ 3,018,902
Long-term capital gain	7,441,158	23,555,729

As of March 31, 2023, the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Unrealized gains	Late-year ordinary losses deferred	Capital loss carryforward
\$5,572,962	\$(192,067)	\$(20,171,885)

8. CONCENTRATION RISKS

As of the end of the period, the Fund concentrated its portfolio of investments in the health care and information technology sectors. A fund that invests a substantial portion of its assets in any sector may be more affected by changes in that sector than would be a fund whose investments are not heavily weighted in any sector.

9. INDEMNIFICATION

Under the Fund's organizational documents, the officers and Trustees have been granted certain indemnification rights against certain liabilities that may arise out of performance of their duties to the Fund. The Fund has entered into a separate agreement with each Trustee that converts indemnification rights currently existing under the Fund's organizational documents into contractual rights that cannot be changed in the future without the consent of the Trustee. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Fund may enter into contracts with service providers that contain a variety of indemnification clauses. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on future claims that may be made against the Fund and, therefore, cannot be estimated.

To the Shareholders of the Fund and Board of Trustees Allspring Funds Trust:

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of Allspring Discovery Small Cap Growth Fund (the Fund), one of the funds constituting Allspring Funds Trust, including the portfolio of investments, as of March 31, 2023, the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the related notes (collectively, the financial statements) and the financial highlights for each of the years or periods in the five-year period then ended. In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of March 31, 2023, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the years or periods in the five-year period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and financial highlights, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Such procedures also included confirmation of securities owned as of March 31, 2023, by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers, or by other appropriate auditing procedures. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and financial highlights. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.



We have not been able to determine the specific year that we began serving as the auditor of one or more Allspring Funds investment companies; however, we are aware that we have served as the auditor of one or more Allspring Funds investment companies since at least 1955.

Boston, Massachusetts May 25, 2023

TAX INFORMATION

Pursuant to Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, \$7,441,158 was designated as a 20% rate gain distribution for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

PROXY VOTING INFORMATION

A description of the policies and procedures used to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-222-8222, visiting our website at allspringglobal.com, or visiting the SEC website at sec.gov. Information regarding how the proxies related to portfolio securities were voted during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available on the website at allspringglobal.com or by visiting the SEC website at sec.gov.

QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS INFORMATION

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year as an exhibit to its reports on Form N-PORT. Shareholders may view the filed Form N-PORT by visiting the SEC website at sec.gov.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

Each of the Trustees and Officers listed in the table below acts in identical capacities for each fund in the Allspring family of funds, which consists of 127 mutual funds comprising the Allspring Funds Trust, Allspring Variable Trust, Allspring Master Trust and four closed-end funds (collectively the "Fund Complex"). This table should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information¹. The mailing address of each Trustee and Officer is 1415 Vantage Park Drive, 3rd Floor, Charlotte, NC 28203. Each Trustee and Officer serves an indefinite term, however, each Trustee serves such term until reaching the mandatory retirement age established by the Trustees.

Independent Trustees

Name and year of birth	Position held and length of service*	Principal occupations during past five years or longer	Current other public company or investment company directorships
William R. Ebsworth (Born 1957)	Trustee, since 2015	Retired. From 1984 to 2013, equities analyst, portfolio manager, research director and chief investment officer at Fidelity Management and Research Company in Boston, Tokyo, and Hong Kong, and retired in 2013 as Chief Investment Officer of Fidelity Strategic Advisers, Inc. where he led a team of investment professionals managing client assets. Prior thereto, Board member of Hong Kong Securities Clearing Co., Hong Kong Options Clearing Corp., the Thailand International Fund, Ltd., Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company, and Empire Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company. Audit Committee Chair and Investment Committee Chair of the Vincent Memorial Hospital Foundation (non-profit organization). Mr. Ebsworth is a CFA® charterholder.	N/A
Jane A. Freeman (Born 1953)	Trustee, since 2015; Chair Liaison, since 2018	Retired. From 2012 to 2014 and 1999 to 2008, Chief Financial Officer of Scientific Learning Corporation. From 2008 to 2012, Ms. Freeman provided consulting services related to strategic business projects. Prior to 1999, Portfolio Manager at Rockefeller & Co. and Scudder, Stevens & Clark. Board member of the Harding Loevner Funds from 1996 to 2014, serving as both Lead Independent Director and chair of the Audit Committee. Board member of the Russell Exchange Traded Funds Trust from 2011 to 2012 and the chair of the Audit Committee. Ms. Freeman is also an inactive Chartered Financial Analyst.	N/A
Isaiah Harris, Jr. (Born 1952)	Trustee, since 2009; Audit Committee Chair, since 2019	Retired. Member of the Advisory Board of CEF of East Central Florida. Chairman of the Board of CIGNA Corporation from 2009 to 2021, and Director from 2005 to 2008. From 2003 to 2011, Director of Deluxe Corporation. Prior thereto, President and CEO of BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corp. from 2005 to 2007, President and CEO of BellSouth Enterprises from 2004 to 2005 and President of BellSouth Consumer Services from 2000 to 2003. Emeritus member of the Iowa State University Foundation Board of Governors. Emeritus Member of the Advisory Board of Iowa State University School of Business. Advisory Board Member, Palm Harbor Academy (private school). Advisory Board Member, Fellowship of Christian Athletes. Mr. Harris is a certified public accountant (inactive status).	N/A
David F. Larcker (Born 1950)	Trustee, since 2009	Distinguished Visiting Fellow at the Hoover Institution since 2022. James Irvin Miller Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business (Emeritus), Stanford University, Director of the Corporate Governance Research Initiative and Senior Faculty of The Rock Center for Corporate Governance since 2006. From 2005 to 2008, Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business, Stanford University. Prior thereto, Ernst & Young Professor of Accounting at The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania from 1985 to 2005.	N/A

Name and year of birth	Position held and length of service*	Principal occupations during past five years or longer	Current other public company or investment company directorships
Olivia S. Mitchell (Born 1953)	Trustee, since 2006; Nominating and Governance Committee Chair, since 2018	International Foundation of Employee Benefit Plans Professor since 1993, Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. Director of Wharton's Pension Research Council and Boettner Center on Pensions & Retirement Research, and Research Associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research. Previously taught at Cornell University from 1978 to 1993.	N/A
Timothy J. Penny (Born 1951)	Trustee, since 1996; Chair, since 2018	President and Chief Executive Officer of Southern Minnesota Initiative Foundation, a non-profit organization, since 2007. Vice Chair of the Economic Club of Minnesota, since 2007. Co-Chair of the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget, since 1995. Member of the Board of Trustees of NorthStar Education Finance, Inc., a non-profit organization, from 2007-2022. Senior Fellow of the University of Minnesota Humphrey Institute from 1995 to 2017.	N/A
James G. Polisson (Born 1959)	Trustee, since 2018	Retired. Chief Marketing Officer, Source (ETF) UK Services, Ltd, from 2015 to 2017. From 2012 to 2015, Principal of The Polisson Group, LLC, a management consulting, corporate advisory and principal investing company. Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director at Russell Investments, Global Exchange Traded Funds from 2010 to 2012. Managing Director of Barclays Global Investors from 1998 to 2010 and Global Chief Marketing Officer for iShares and Barclays Global Investors from 2000 to 2010. Trustee of the San Francisco Mechanics' Institute, a non-profit organization, from 2013 to 2015. Board member of the Russell Exchange Traded Fund Trust from 2011 to 2012. Director of Barclays Global Investors Holdings Deutschland GmbH from 2006 to 2009. Mr. Polisson is an attorney and has a retired status with the Massachusetts and District of Columbia Bar Associations.	N/A
Pamela Wheelock (Born 1959)	Trustee, since January 2020; previously Trustee from January 2018 to July 2019	Retired. Executive and Senior Financial leadership positions in the public, private and nonprofit sectors. Interim President and CEO, McKnight Foundation, 2020. Interim Commissioner, Minnesota Department of Human Services, 2019. Chief Operating Officer, Twin Cities Habitat for Humanity, 2017-2019. Vice President for University Services, University of Minnesota, 2012-2016. Interim President and CEO, Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota, 2011-2012. Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer, Minnesota Wild, 2002-2008. Commissioner, Minnesota Department of Finance, 1999-2002. Chair of the Board of Directors of Destination Medical Center Corporation. Board member of the Minnesota Wild Foundation.	N/A

 $^{^{\}star} \ \, \text{Length of service dates reflect the Trustee's commencement of service with the Trust's predecessor entities, where applicable.}$

Officers²

Name and year of birth	Position held and length of service	Principal occupations during past five years or longer
Andrew Owen (Born 1960)	President, since 2017	President and Chief Executive Officer of Allspring Funds Management, LLC since 2017 and Head of Global Fund Governance of Allspring Global Investments since 2022. Prior thereto, co-president of Galliard Capital Management, LLC, an affiliate of Allspring Funds Management, LLC, from 2019 to 2022 and Head of Affiliated Managers, Allspring Global Investments, from 2014 to 2019 and Executive Vice President responsible for marketing, investments and product development for Allspring Funds Management, LLC, from 2009 to 2014.
Jeremy DePalma (Born 1974)	Treasurer, since 2012 (for certain funds in the Fund Complex); since 2021 (for the remaining funds in the Fund Complex)	Senior Vice President of Allspring Funds Management, LLC since 2009. Senior Vice President of Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC from 2008 to 2010 and head of the Fund Reporting and Control Team within Fund Administration from 2005 to 2010.
Christopher Baker (Born 1976)	Chief Compliance Officer, since 2022	Global Chief Compliance Officer for Allspring Global Investments since 2022. Prior thereto, Chief Compliance Officer for State Street Global Advisors from 2018 to 2021. Senior Compliance Officer for the State Street divisions of Alternative Investment Solutions, Sector Solutions, and Global Marketing from 2015 to 2018. From 2010 to 2015 Vice President, Global Head of Investment and Marketing Compliance for State Street Global Advisors.
Matthew Prasse (Born 1983)	Chief Legal Officer, since 2022; Secretary, since 2021	Senior Counsel of the Allspring Legal Department since 2021. Senior Counsel of the Wells Fargo Legal Department from 2018 to 2021. Previously, Counsel for Barings LLC from 2015 to 2018. Prior to joining Barings, Associate at Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP from 2008 to 2015.

¹ The Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the Trustees and is available, without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-222-8222 or by visiting the website at allspringglobal.com.

² For those Officers with tenures at Allspring Global Investments and/or Allspring Funds Management, LLC that began prior to 2021, such tenures include years of service during which these businesses/entities were known as Wells Fargo Asset Management and Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC, respectively.



For more information

More information about Allspring Funds is available free upon request. To obtain literature, please write, visit the Fund's website, or call:

Allspring Funds P.O. Box 219967 Kansas City, MO 64121-9967

Website: allspringglobal.com Individual investors: 1-800-222-8222 Retail investment professionals: 1-888-877-9275 Institutional investment professionals: 1-800-260-5969



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This report and the financial statements contained herein are submitted for the general information of the shareholders of the Fund. If this report is used for promotional purposes, distribution of the report must be accompanied or preceded by a current prospectus. Before investing, please consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses of the investment. For a current prospectus and, if available, a summary prospectus, containing this information, call **1-800-222-8222** or visit the Fund's website at **allspringglobal.com**. Read the prospectus carefully before you invest or send money.

Allspring Global InvestmentsTM is the trade name for the asset management firms of Allspring Global Investments Holdings, LLC, a holding company indirectly owned by certain private funds of GTCR LLC and Reverence Capital Partners, L.P. These firms include but are not limited to Allspring Global Investments, LLC, and Allspring Funds Management, LLC. Certain products managed by Allspring entities are distributed by Allspring Funds Distributor, LLC (a broker-dealer and Member FINRA/SIPC).

This material is for general informational and educational purposes only and is NOT intended to provide investment advice or a recommendation of any kind - including a recommendation for any specific investment, strategy, or plan.